Evaluation of Durable Medical Equipment Acquisition in a Family Medicine Residency Clinic

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Background & Purpose

• Durable Medical Equipment (DME) is a collection of medical devices used to prevent injury, improve function or pain, or aid healing after injury or surgery. These devices are commonly prescribed to patients in the primary care setting.

• Barriers clinicians face when prescribing DME include:
  • Unsure where to obtain items
  • Unsure how to properly order items
  • Delay in obtaining items

• Our system’s Electronic Medical Record, Epic, allows users to share instructive or informational texts called "SmartPhrases" with other users

• Our objective was to evaluate the current avenues clinicians use to obtain DME, such as via physical therapy departments and retailers in Milwaukee, WI and to evaluate the incorporation of a new instructive Epic SmartPhrase and its impact on DME prescription in clinical practices.

Methods

• Novel Epic SmartPhrase, outlining recommendations on ordering DME, was available to providers at four Milwaukee clinics Feb-Jun 2021

• Surveys were administered before and after implementation of the SmartPhrase. Survey asked questions regarding:
  • Clinician’s confidence levels regarding DME prescription
  • Whether the SmartPhrase changed or benefited their clinical practice

• Paired t-tests were used to compare confidence level before and after intervention of Epic SmartPhrase.

Results

• Sample size: Pre-survey (N=26); Post-survey (N=17); Paired responses (N=11).

• No statistically significant change in clinician’s confidence level when prescribing DME (p= 0.441) (Figure 1).

• The distribution of clinician’s confidence level approached normal and was similar before and after intervention.

• We saw some perceived benefit of the SmartPhrase on clinical practice, however many clinicians did not have a chance to utilize the SmartPhrase or were not aware of it (Figure 2).

Conclusion

• While data did not support statistically significant change in confidence level, data may be limited by small sample size.

• Improving DME prescribing practices is likely still clinically relevant. Many providers reported via survey or anecdotally that the SmartPhrase helped them more efficiently prescribe DME for patients, including several devices obtained same day of visit.

Future Directions

• Expand to more primary care clinics, larger sample size.

• Re-emphasize availability of SmartPhrase, as many providers were not aware of it or did not use it prior to post-survey analysis.

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References

