

IMPROVING HYPERTENSION IN YOUNG AFRICAN AMERICANS IN A FAMILY MEDICINE CLINIC



Family Medicine Residency Program

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NI VIII Meeting #2 STORYBOARD

INTRO: BACKGROUND & CONTEXT

PROBLEM - Health Disparity¹

- African Americans have the highest prevalence of HTN; 1/3 of which are between the ages of 18-44
- Family Medicine physicians play a vital role in controlling and mitigating long term effects of HTN especially in underserved populations
- In a Family Medicine Residency Clinic, in patients aged 18-50 there is a 22.3% disparity gap:
 - o 63.9% African American patients HTN controlled
 - 86.2% non-African American patients HTN controlled
- Effective interventions in this population include use of Home Blood Pressure Monitors (HBPM)
- Number of studies limited | Results are mixed
- Nye R. Is home blood pressure monitoring effective at reducing blood pressure in African American patients? A Clin-IQ. Under review JPCR&R

MISSION/VISION STATEMENT

 Aurora: To assure that our clinical learning environments are inclusive, respectful, & psychologically safe—a place where everyone feels they belong.

QI AIM

AIM: is to reduce this 22.3% gap to 10%

Methods: Interventions/Changes

PT EDUC FOR AFRICAN AMERICANS W HTN AGE 18-50

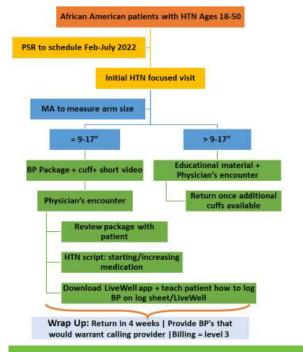
- Schedule patients for HTN-focused visit
- Increase understanding of HTN and HTNrelated sequelae using available materials (AHA, AMA)
- Provide free HBPM to interested patients
- Demonstrate use of HBPM + LiveWell App for recording BP
- Continue normal care for uncontrolled HTN (meds, lifestyle)

CLINIC STAFF/PHYSICIAN EDUCATION

- · Standard workflow, how to use HBPM & cuff
 - Resident Faculty Meeting
 - Morning Huddles
 - All Clinic Meeting

METHODS: MEASURES/METRICS

- Aggregate data derived from system EHR
 - System quality metric for uncontrolled HTN
 - Clinical QI data for African American aged 18-50 in 1 of 2 FM Residency clinics (2nd clinic control)
- Patients
 - Frequency of recording HBP readings weekly in Live Well App
 - % of appointments completed (# complete / # schedule)
- Staff: Clinical Learning Environment Quick Survey²
- Simpson D, et al. Preliminary Evidence Supporting a Novel 10-Item Clinical Learning Environ Quick Survey. JGME. 2021;13(4):553-60.



BARRIERS - STRATEGIES

- **1. CHALLENGE:** HBMP just 1 size Limits to "average" arm size
 - Strategy: Seek to obtain additional sizes
- CHALLENGE: Scheduling patients | repeat visits
 - STRATEGY: Working with schedulers to be flexible with appointments, scripting schedulers with importance of visit for HTN, identify patient barriers
- CHALLENGE: Use & |reporting of HBPM via LiveWell App
 - Strategy: Standard MA scripts specific to each situation
 - Ask patient to demonstrate
 HBPM use while still in clinic

DISCUSSION

CRITICAL NEXT STEPS

- 1. Monitor workflow and adjust as needed
- 2. Maintain clinician/patient engagement in HTN control: start/modify HTN medications

AREAS SEEKING INPUT

- 1. How to increase patient engagement in working to control their HTN
- 2. Other strategies to have patients really understand seriousness & LT effects of HTN

Group Feedback